



### FEATURES

- Industry standard footprint (1 inch X 1 inch X 0.4 Inch)
- Regulated Outputs, Fixed Switching Frequency
- 4:1 input voltage range: 4.5 - 9, 9 - 36 or 18 - 75Vin
- No minimum load required
- -40 °C to +123°C operation.
- Withstands up to 100 V input transients
- Fixed-frequency operation
- Full protection (OTP, OCP, OVP, UVLO and auto-restart)
- Remote ON/OFF - positive or negative
- Output voltage trim range: ±10%
- On-board input differential LC filter
- ROHS II Directive 2011/65/EU Compliant
- Meets UL94, V-0 flammability rating
- Compliant to REACH (EC) No 1907/2006
- Designed to meet UL/CSA60950-1, TUV per IEC/EN60950-1, 2nd edition
- Designed to meet Class B conducted emissions per FCC and EN55022 when used with external filter

### PRODUCT OVERVIEW

This AA series offer 40 watts of output power in standard 1.00 x 1.00 x 0.4 inches packages. This series features high efficiency up to 90% and 2250 Volts of DC isolation. This AA series provides a 4:1 wide input voltage range of 9-36 or 18-75 VDC, and delivers precise regulated outputs. These modules operate over the ambient operating temperature range of -40°C to +123°C with minimal Derating. All devices offer input Under Voltage Lock Out (UVLO), output over-current and are protected against over-voltage, continuous short circuit conditions and over-temperature. In addition, the standard control functions of this series include Remote On/Off and adjustable output voltage. These converters are the best choice for all military and ruggedized application that can use commercial off-the-shelf (COTS) products.

### APPLICATIONS:

- Distributed Power Architectures
- Instrumentation
- Data and Wireless Communications
- Servers
- "Bus" Converter Applications

### AVAILABLE OPTIONS

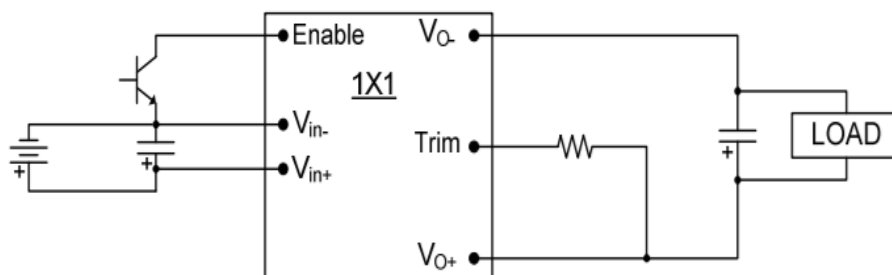
- Customizable Input / Output voltages
- SMT or Thru-Hole Mounting
- Higher Power
- Optional Baseplate

Contact DATEL for other series of (1 inch X 1 inch) footprint, lower power optimized for Cost Savings or higher performance

MODEL NUMBER	INPUT VOLTAGE	OUTPUT VOLTAGE	OUTPUT CURRENT MAX	EFFICIENCY %	LOAD REGULATION	OPTIONS
AA5S5-6	4.5-9 VDC	5 VDC	6 A	88	± 0.1 %	E, I, S, N, P*
AA22S3.3-9	9-36 VDC	3.3 VDC	9 A	88	± 0.1 %	E, I, S, N, P*
AA22S5-8	9-36 VDC	5 VDC	8 A	89	± 0.1 %	E, I, S, N, P*
AA22S12-3.3	9-36 VDC	12 VDC	3.3 A	88	± 0.1 %	E, I, S, N, P*
AA45S5-8	18-75 VDC	5 VDC	8 A	88	± 0.1 %	E, I, S, N, P*
AA45S12-3.3	18-75 VDC	12 VDC	3.3 A	88	± 0.1 %	E, I, S, N, P*

\*Note: For Option descriptions, please see last page of this data sheet

### CONNECTION DIAGRAM



### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Please note: stresses above the absolute maximum ratings can cause permanent damage to the device.

Parameters	Conditions	Model	Min.	Typical	Max.	Units
<b>Input Voltage</b>						
Continuous	DC	5V <sub>in</sub>	0		<b>9</b>	Volts
		24V <sub>in</sub>	0		36	
		48V <sub>in</sub>	0		75	
Operating Ambient Temperature	With Derating	Open Frame	-40		+123	°C
Operating Ambient Temperature	With Derating	Encapsulated	-40		+105	°C
Storage Temperature		All	-55		+125	°C

### ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Note: All specifications are typical at nominal input, full load at 25°C, Airflow=300 LFM, V<sub>in</sub> = Nominal VDC, C<sub>in</sub>=100µF for 24 V<sub>in</sub> and C<sub>in</sub>=33µF for 48 V<sub>in</sub>, unless otherwise noted

### INPUT CHARACTERISTICS

Parameters	Conditions	Model	Min.	Typical	Max.	Units
Operating Input Voltage		5V <sub>in</sub>	4.5	5	9	Volts
		24V <sub>in</sub>	9	24	36	
		48V <sub>in</sub>	18	48	75	
<b>Input Under Voltage Lockout</b>						
Turn-On Voltage Threshold		5V <sub>in</sub>	4.3	4.4	4.5	Volts
		24V <sub>in</sub>	9.1	9.3	9.5	
		48V <sub>in</sub>	17.5	17.8	18.1	
Turn-Off Voltage Threshold		5V <sub>in</sub>	3.3	3.5	3.7	Volts
		24V <sub>in</sub>	8.4	8.6	8.9	
		48V <sub>in</sub>	15.6	16.0	16.5	
Maximum Input Current	100% Load, V <sub>in</sub> =5V	5V <sub>in</sub>			8000	mA
	100% Load, V <sub>in</sub> =9V	24V <sub>in</sub>			5400	
	100% Load, V <sub>in</sub> =18V	48V <sub>in</sub>			2600	
No-Load Input Current	V <sub>in</sub> = Nominal input	AA5S5-6		160		mA
		AA22S3.3-9		75		
		AA22S5-8		60		
		AA22S12-3.3		35		
		AA45S5-8		30		
AA45S12-3.3		35				
Off Converter Input Current	Shutdown input idle current	All		5	20	mA
Inrush Current (I <sub>pk</sub> )	As per ETS300 132-2	All		0.1	1	A <sup>2</sup> /s
Input Voltage Transient		5 V <sub>in</sub>			15	VDC
		24 V <sub>in</sub>			50	
		48 V <sub>in</sub>			100	
Short Circuit Input Current	RMS	5 V <sub>in</sub>		100	200	mA
		Others		10		
Input Voltage Ripple Rejection	120 HZ			50		dB
Input Reflected-Ripple Current	5Hz to 50MHz	5 V <sub>in</sub>			100	mA <sub>PK-PK</sub>
		Others			30	

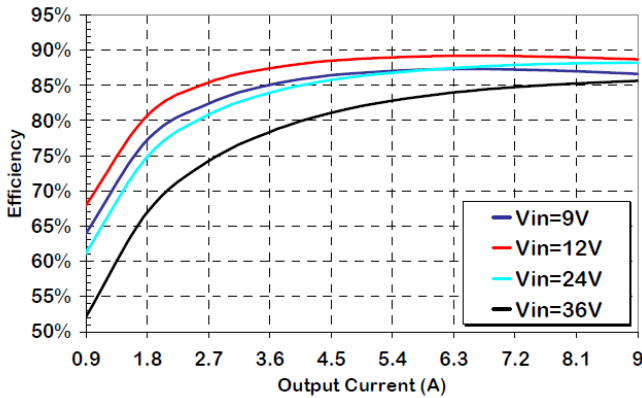
### OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS

Parameters	Conditions	Model	Min.	Typical	Max.	Units
Output Voltage Set Point		Vo=3.3V Vo=5.0V Vo=12V	3.251 4.925 11.82	3.30 5 12	3.349 5.075 12.18	Volts
Output Voltage Regulation						
Line Regulation	V <sub>in</sub> =High line to Low line (9.5 V for 24 Volts V <sub>in</sub> models) Full Load	Single			±0.1	%
Load Regulation	I <sub>o</sub> = Full Load to min. Load	Single			±0.2	%
Output Voltage Ripple and Noise						
5Hz to 20MHz bandwidth						
Peak-to-Peak	Full Load, 20MHz bandwidth 0.1µF and 22µF ceramic capacitor *3.3Vo is 1 µF Ceramic+10µF Tantalum	Vo=3.3V*			50	mV
		Vo=5V			60	
		Vo=12V			200	
Operating Output Current Range		S3.3-9	0		9000	mA
		S5-6	0		6000	
		S5-8	0		8000	
		S12-3.3	0		3300	
Output DC Current-Limit Inception	Output Voltage=90% V <sub>o, nominal</sub>	Vo=3.3V@9A	10000	12000	17000	mA
		Vo=5V@6A	6500	7500	10000	
		Vo=5V@8A	9000	11000	16000	
		Vo=12V	3400	4300	6500	
RMS Short-Circuit Current	10 mΩ Short	Vo=3.3V@9A			5	A
		Vo=5V@6A			1.5	
		Vo=5V@8A			3	
		Vo=12V			3	
Peak Short-Circuit Current	10 mΩ Short	Vo=3.3V@9A			25	A
		Vo=5V@6A			20	
		Vo=5V@8A			20	
		Vo=12V			10	
Maximum Output Capacitance	Full load, Resistance	Vo=3.3V@9A			4700	µF
		Vo=5V@6A			4700	
		Vo=5V@8A			4700	
		Vo=12V			700	

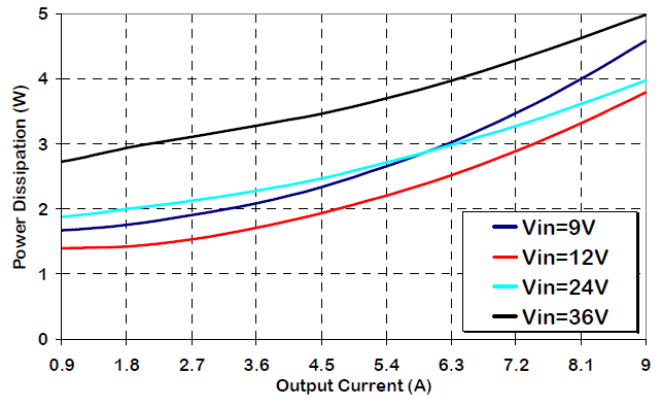
### FEATURE CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Conditions	Model	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Switching Frequency		Vo=3.3V@9A AA5S5-6 AA22S5-8 AA22S12-3.3 AA45S5-8 AA45S12-3.3		480 410 440 440 440 480		kHz
Output Voltage Trim Range		Vo=3.3 Vo= 5 Vo= 12	-10 -10 -10		+10 +10 +10	%
Output Over-voltage Protection	Non-latching	All	115	125	140	%
Over-temperature Protection	Avg. PCB temp, non- latching	All		135		°C
Peak Backdrive Output Current during startup into pre-biased output	Co=220µF, aluminum Sinking current from external voltage source equal to VOUT – 0.6V and connected to the output via 1Ω resistor.	All		350	500	mA
Backdrive Output Current in OFF state	Converter disabled			0	5	mA
Power On to Output Turn-ON Time	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.9*V <sub>OUT NOM</sub>				20	ms
Enable to Output Turn-ON Time	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.9*V <sub>OUT NOM</sub>				20	ms
Output Enable ON/OFF Negative Enable Converter ON Converter OFF Positive Enable Converter ON Converter OFF Enable Pin Current Source/Sink	All voltages are WRT – Vin.  Converter has internal pull-up of approx. 5V		-0.7 2.4  2.4 -0.7		0.8 15  20 1.2 1	VDC VDC  VDC VDC mA
Output Voltage Overshoot @ startup				0	2	%Vo
Auto-Restart Period	With all protection features			100		ms
Efficiency Full Load		AA5S5-6 AA22S3.3-9 AA22S5-8 AA22S12-3.3 AA45S5-8 AA45S12-3.3		88 88 89 88 88 88		%
Load Change 50%-75% or 25% to 50% of I <sub>out</sub> Max. di/dt = 0.1 A/µs	Co = 1 µF ceramic + 22 µF ceramic	All		80	120	mV
Settling Time to 1% of V <sub>out</sub>		All		5 0		µs
Load Change 50%-75% or 25% to 50% of I <sub>out</sub> Max. di/dt = 2.0 A/µs	Co = 1 µF ceramic + 1000 µF Oscon	All		80	120	mV
Settling Time to 1% of V <sub>out</sub>		All		5		µs
Isolation Capacitance				1000		pF
Isolation Resistance			10			MΩ
Isolation Voltage– Input to Output	Open Frame		2250			V <sub>D</sub>
Isolation Voltage– Input to Output	Encapsulated		1600			V
Isolation Voltage –Output to baseplate	Only needed for encapsulated units		1000			V
RELIABILITY Per Telcordia SR-332, Issue 2: Method I, Case 3 (I <sub>o</sub> =80% of I <sub>o_max</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> =40 °C, Airflow = 200lfm, 90% Confidence	MTBF	AA5S5-6 AA22S3.3-9 AA22S5-8 AA22S12-3.3 AA45S5-8 AA45S12-3.3		3,000,420 3,000,410 3,363,122 2,964,202 3,380,145 2,646,603		Hours
	FITs (failures in 10 <sup>9</sup> hours)	AA5S5-6 AA22S3.3-9 AA22S5-8 AA22S12-3.3 AA45S5-8 AA45S12-3.3		333 332 297 337 296 378		/10 <sup>9</sup> HOURS

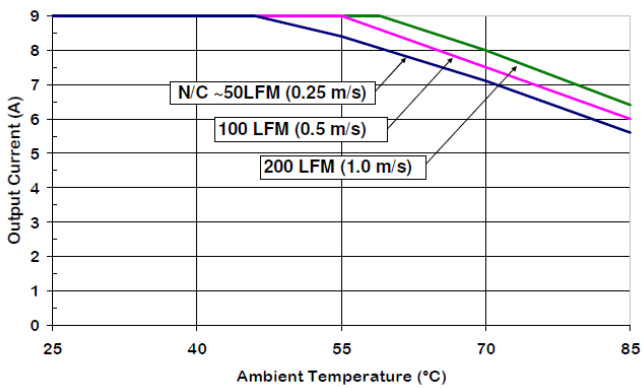
**Efficiency vs. Load and Other Characteristic Curves:**



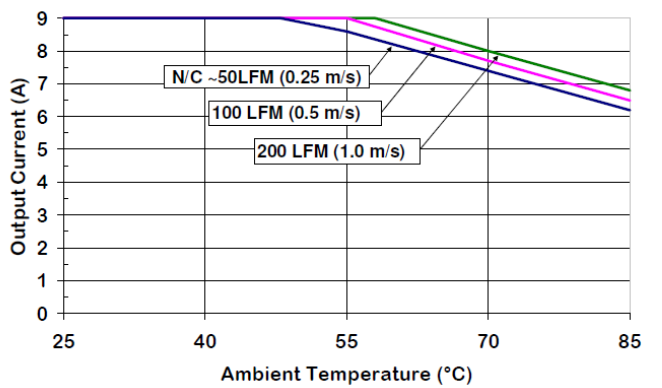
**AA22S3.3-9 Efficiency vs Output Current, 300lfm airflow, 25°C ambient.**



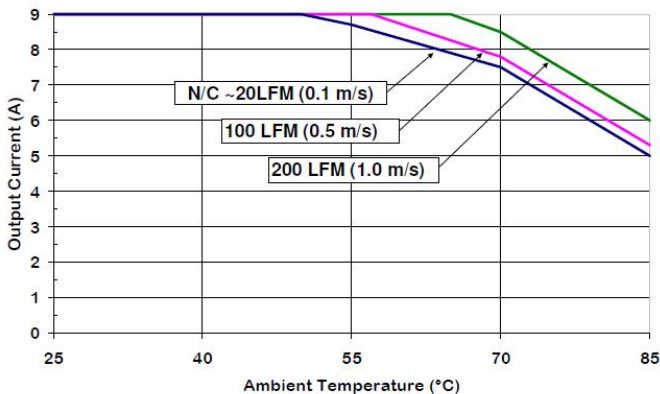
**AA22S3.3-9 Power Dissipation vs. Load Current, 300lfm airflow, 25°C ambient.**



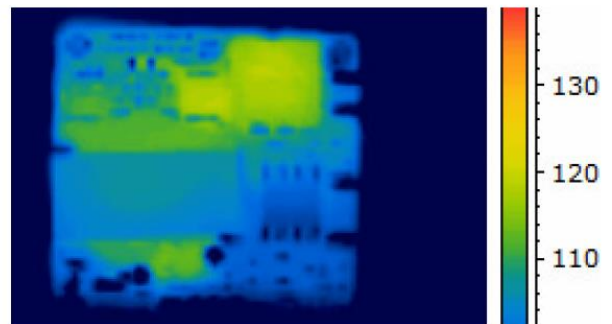
**AA22S3.3-9 Output Current Derating vs Ambient Temperature & Airflow (Open Frame module) Vin = 24 V**



**AA22S3.3-9 Output Current Derating vs Ambient Temperature & Airflow (Open Frame module) Vin = 12 V**

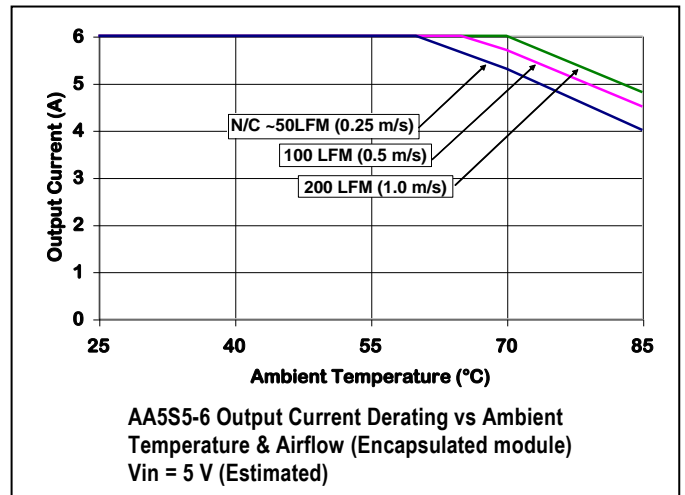
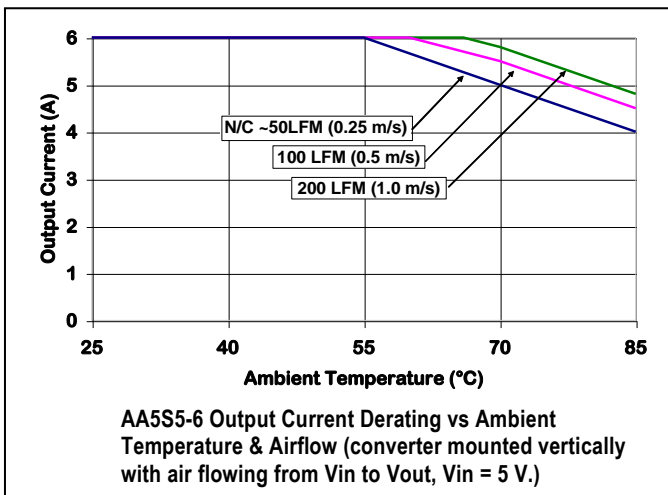
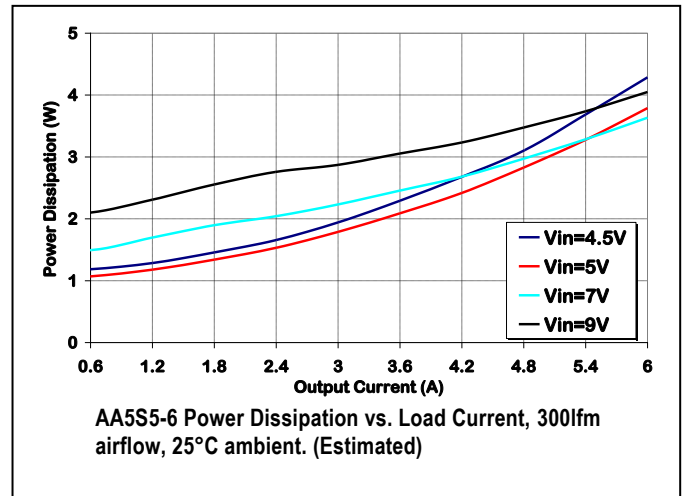
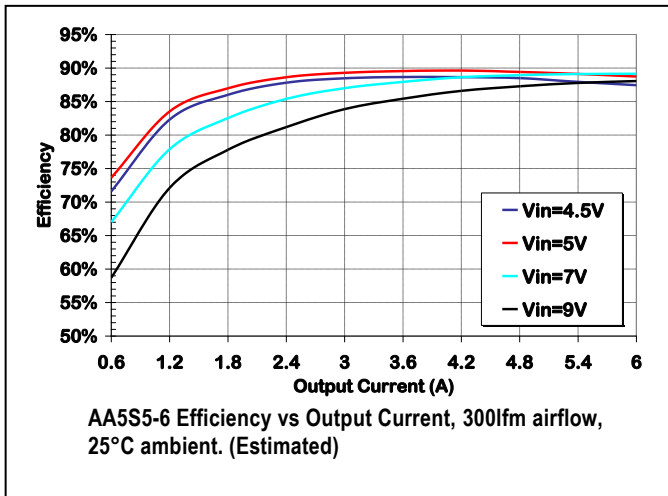


**AA22S3.3-9 Output Current Derating vs Ambient Temperature & Airflow (Encapsulated module) Vin = 12V, 24V**

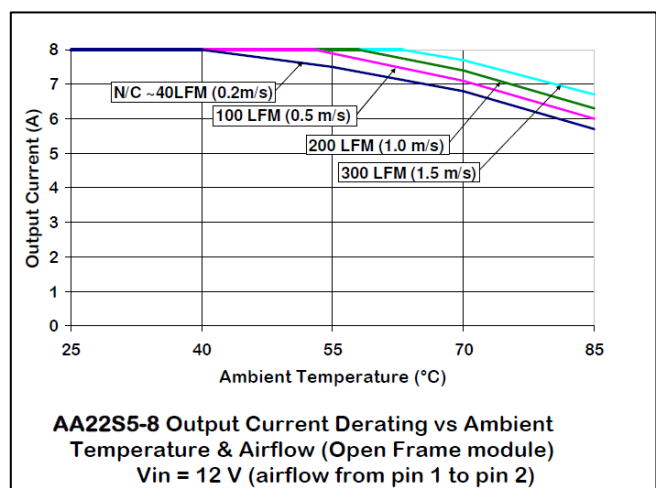
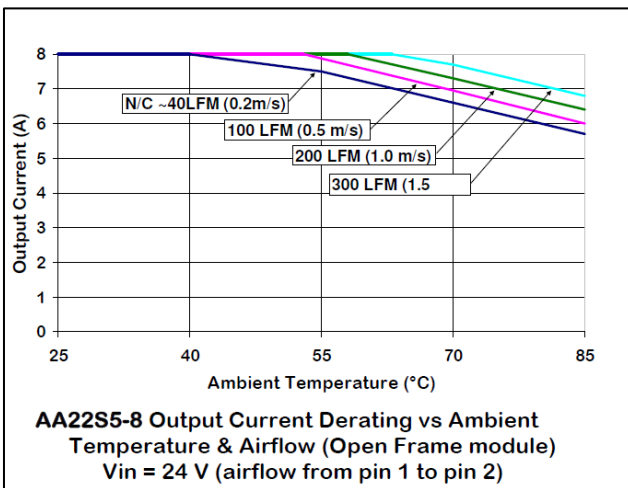
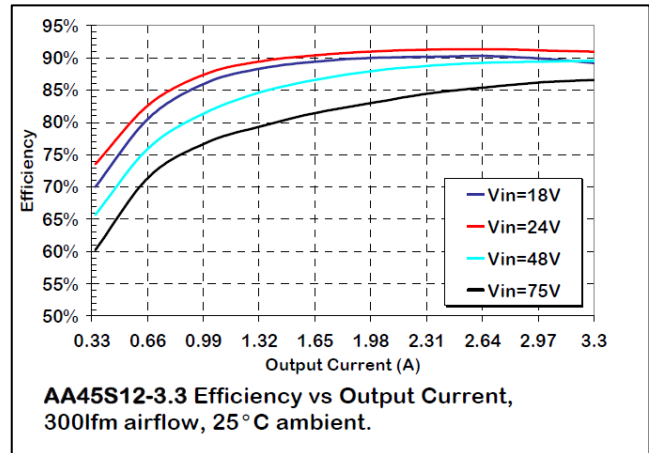
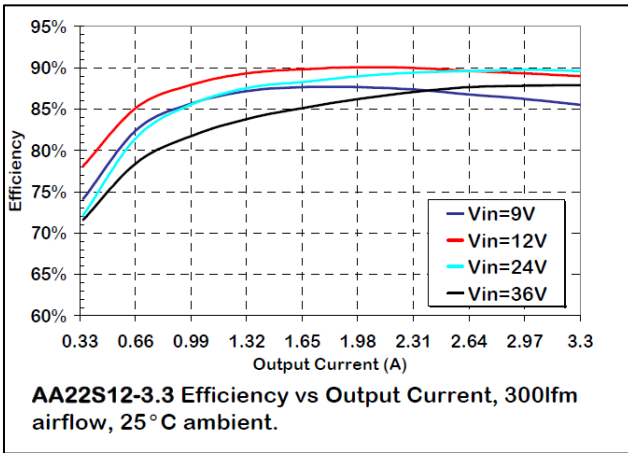
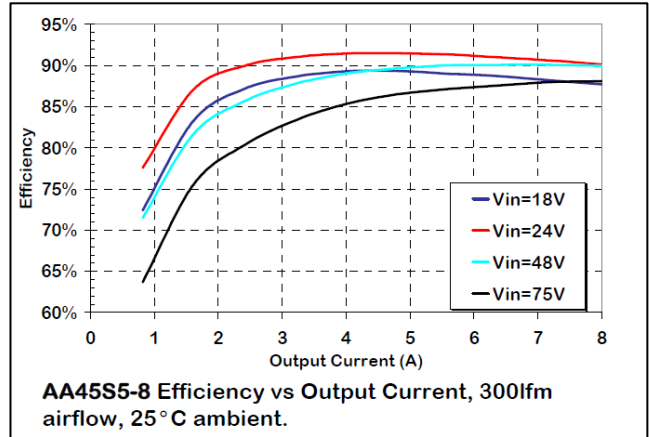
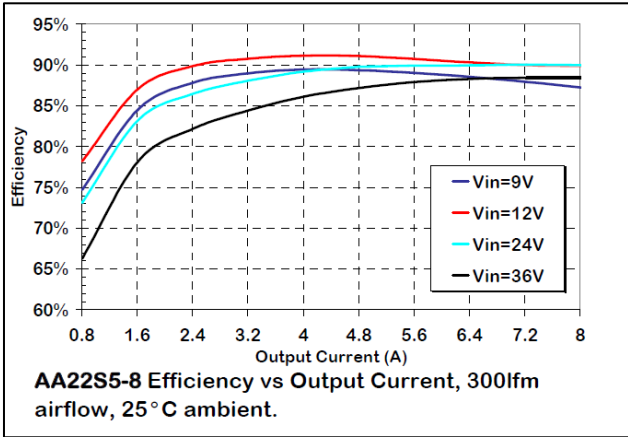


**Thermal Image of AA22S3.3-9 9A output, 55°C Ambient, 200lfm airflow, Vin = 24V, T<sub>max</sub> = 118°C**

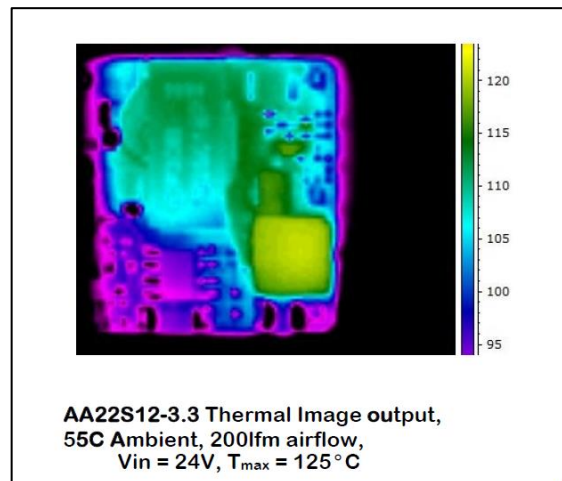
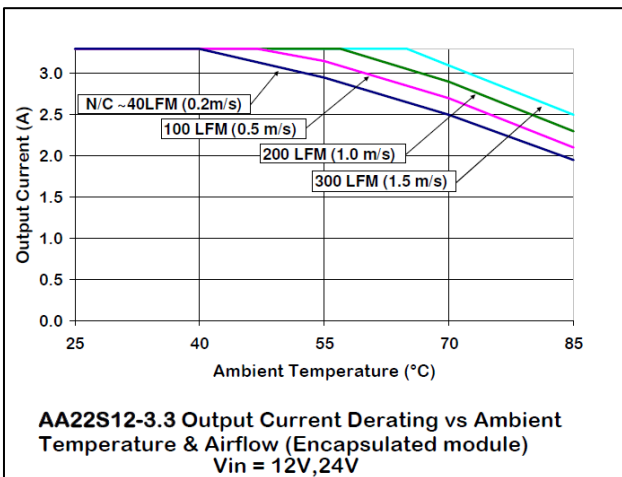
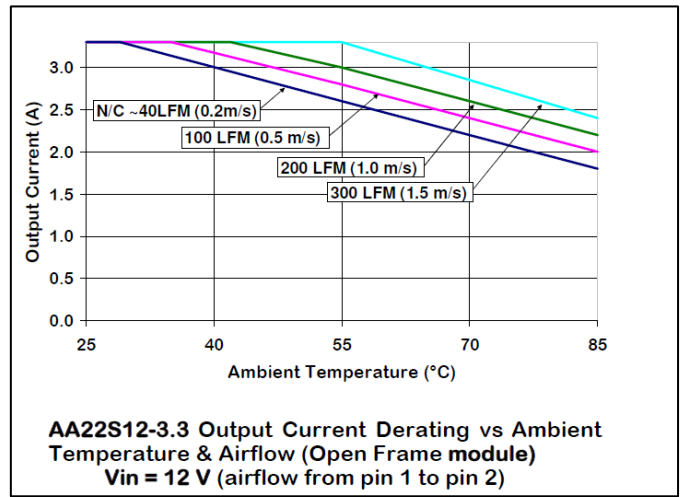
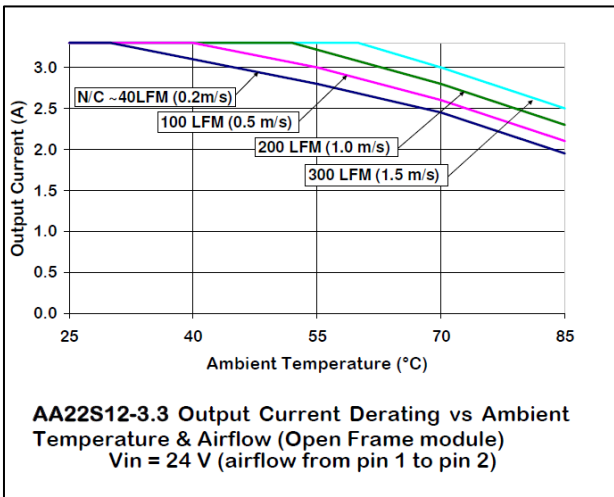
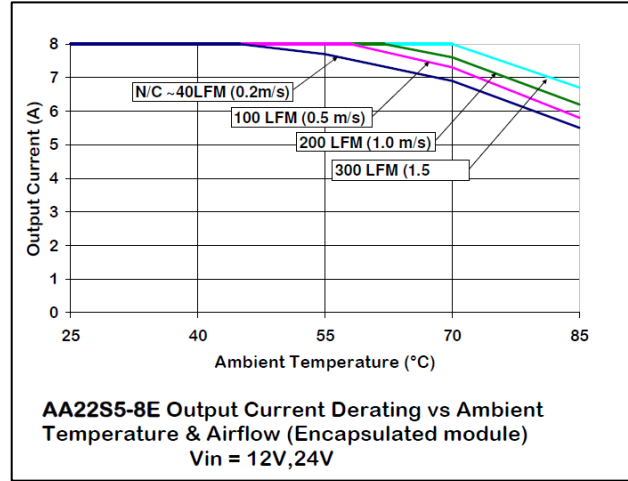
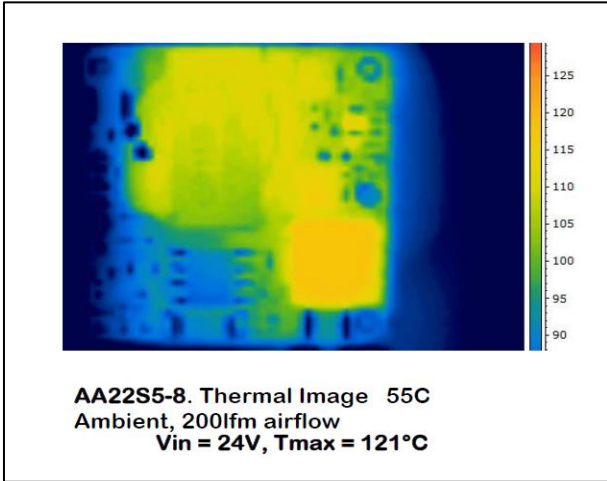
**Efficiency vs. Load and Other Characteristic Curves**



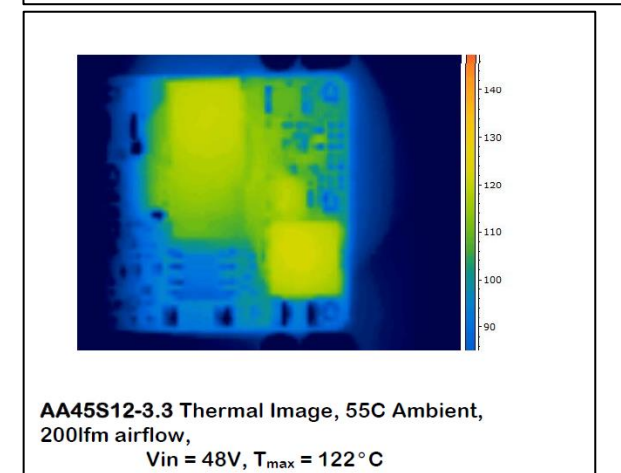
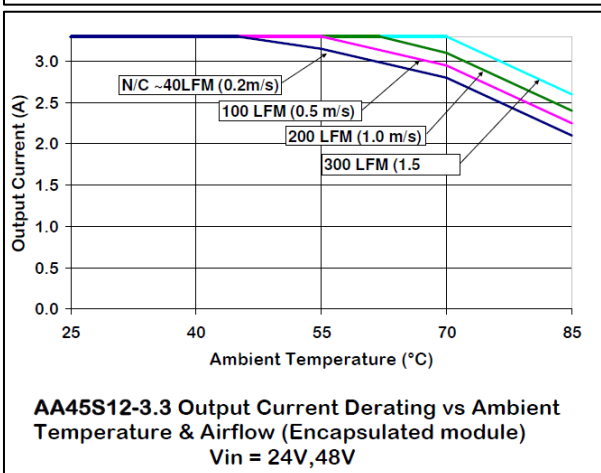
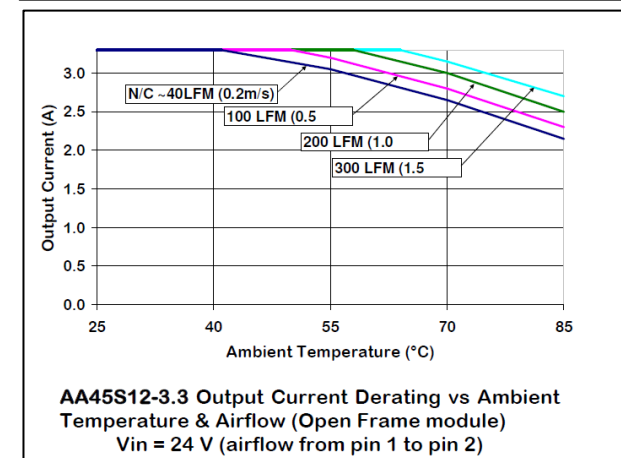
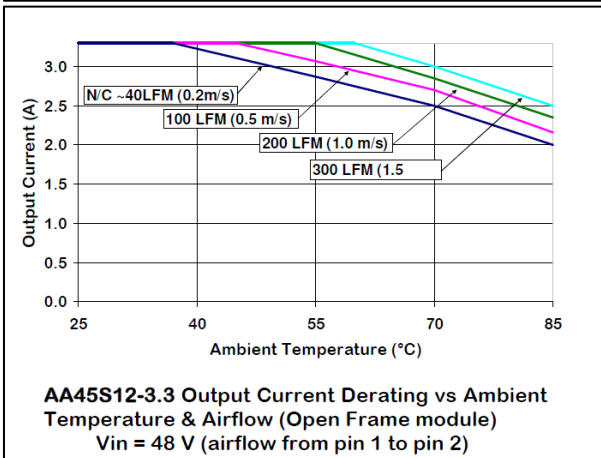
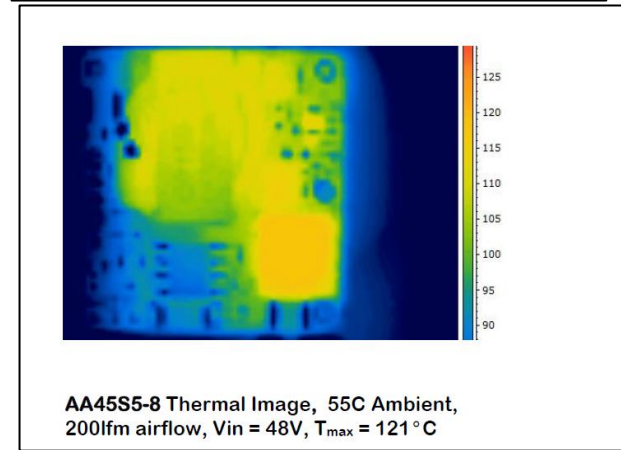
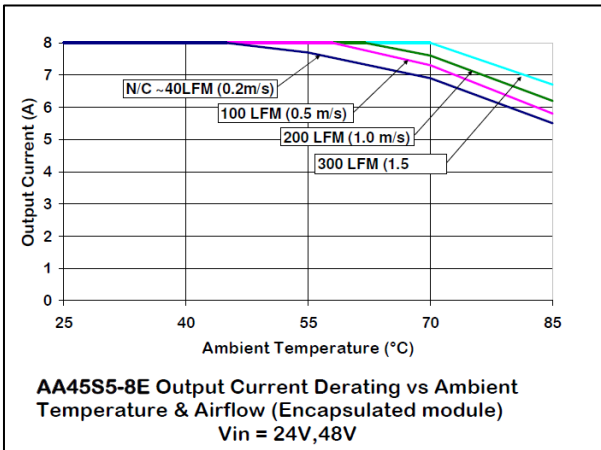
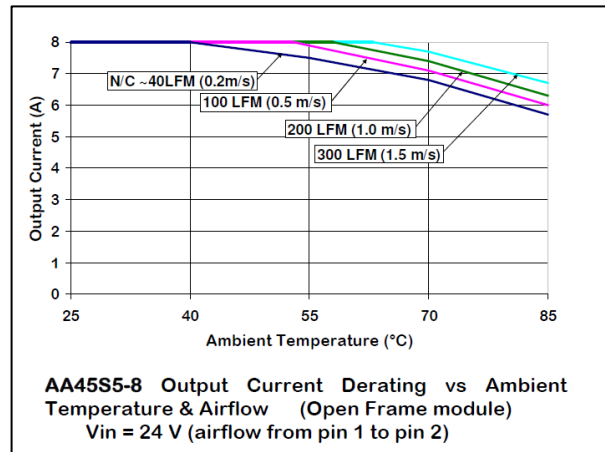
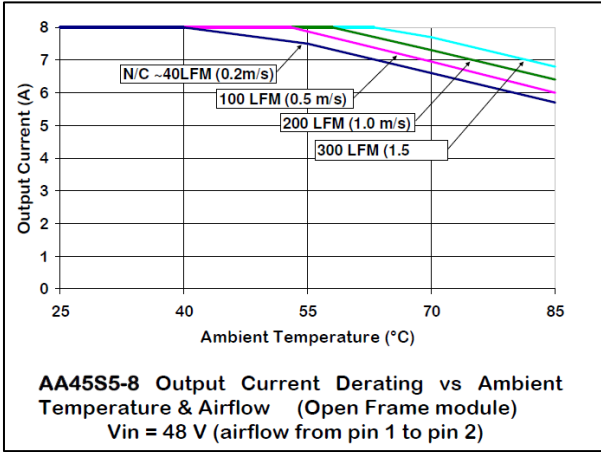
**Efficiency vs. Load and Other Characteristic Curves**



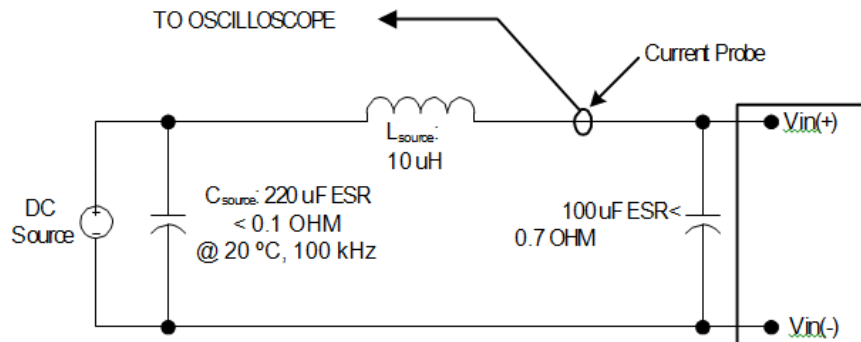








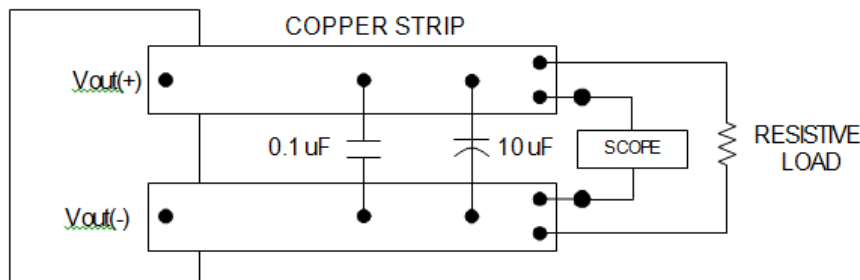
**INPUT REFLECTED RIPPLE TEST SETUP:**



Note: Measure the input reflected-ripple current with a simulated source inductance (L<sub>test</sub>) of 10 uH and Capacitor CS offsets possible source impedance.

**Input Reflected-ripple Current Test Setup.**

**OUTPUT RIPPLE TEST SETUP:**



Note: Use a 0.1µF X7R ceramic capacitor and a 12µF @ 16V X7R capacitor. Scope measurement should be made using a BNC socket. Also, place the load 3 in. [76mm] from module.

**Peak-to-Peak Output Noise Measurement Test Setup.**

**OUTPUT VOLTAGE TRIM**

Output voltage adjustment is accomplished by connecting an external resistor between the Trim Pin and either the +Vout or -Vout Pins.

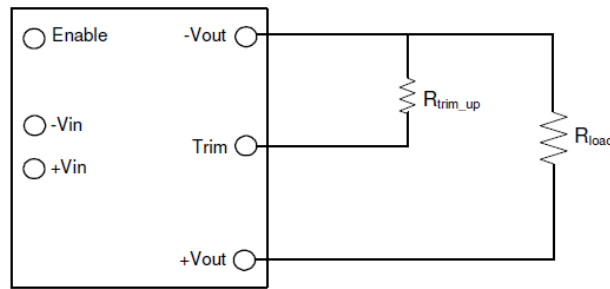
▪ **TRIM UP EQUATION:**

Where R<sub>TRIM\_UP</sub> is the resistance value in ohms and V<sub>DES</sub> is the desired output voltage

$$R_{TRIM\_UP}(\Omega) = \frac{12750}{V_{DES} - 5} - 2050$$

$$R_{TRIM\_UP} \text{ by } 10\% = R_{TRIM\_UP} = \frac{12750}{5.5 - 5} - 2050 \cdot \Omega$$

$$R_{TRIM\_UP} = 23.45 \text{ kOhm}$$

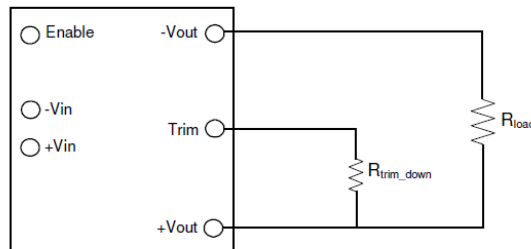


**Trim UP circuit configuration**

▪ **TRIM DOWN EQUATION:**

$$R_{\text{TRIM\_DOWN}}(\Omega) = \frac{10000 \cdot (V_{\text{DES}} - 2.5)}{12 - V_{\text{DES}}} - 5100$$

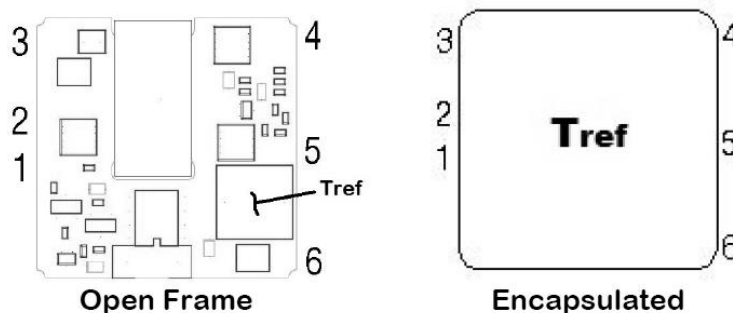
Where **Rtrim\_down** is the resistance value in ohms and **VDES** is the desired output voltage.



**Trim DOWN circuit configuration**

**THERMAL DERATING**

- It is preferable that the DC-DC module has an unobstructed flow of air across the unit for best thermal performance. Components taller than ~ 2mm in front of the module can deflect airflow and possibly create hotspots.
- Significant cooling is achieved through conductive flow from the modules I/O pins to the host PCB. Sufficiently large traces connecting the dc-dc converter to the source and load will help ensure thermal derating performance will meet or exceed the derating curves published in this datasheet. Thermal reliefs are not recommended on power pin connections.
- If the module is expected to be operated near the load limits defined in the derating curves, in-system verification of module derating performance should be performed to ensure long-term system reliability. Peak temperatures are to be measured using infrared thermography or by gluing a fine gauge (AWG #40) thermocouple at the Tref location(s) shown below. Temperature at the specified location(s) should be kept below 123°C for open frame units, 105°C for encapsulated modules in order to maintain optimum converter reliability.



**INPUT UNDERVOLTAGE LOCKOUT**

- The converter is disabled until the input voltage has exceeded the UVLO turn-on threshold. Once the input voltage exceeds this level (see Input Under-Voltage Lock-out in Electrical Specifications table) the module will commence soft-start. Hysteresis of 2-3 volts minimizes the likelihood of pulling the input voltage below the turn-off threshold during startup which could create an undesirable on/off cycling condition. Once started, the converter will continue to operate until the input voltage subsequently falls below the UVLO turn-off threshold.

## ENABLE PIN FUNCTION

- The module has a remote enable function that allows it to be turned on or off remotely. The Enable pin is referenced to the negative input pin (-Vin) of the converter. Modules can be ordered with either negative or positive enable.
- With the negative enable option, the converter will not turn on unless the enable pin is connected to -Vin. The positive enable option allows the converter to turn on as soon as voltage sufficient to exceed the UVLO threshold of the converter has been applied to the input terminals. In this case the module is turned off by connecting the Enable pin to -Vin. On/off thresholds are shown in the Electrical Specifications table.

## OUTPUT OVERVOLTAGE PROTECTION

- The module has an independent feedback loop that will disable the output of the converter if a voltage greater than about 125% of the nominal set point is detected. When this threshold is reached, the converter will shut down and remain off for the amount of time specified by the Auto-Restart Period. The converter will attempt a restart once this period of time has elapsed.

## OUTPUT OVER-TEMPERATURE PROTECTION

- To provide protection under certain fault conditions, the unit is equipped with a thermal shutdown circuit. The unit will shut-down if the average PCB temperature exceeds approx. 135°C. Keep in mind that thermal shutdown is not intended as a guarantee that the unit will survive temperatures beyond its rating. The module will automatically restart once it has cooled below the shutdown temperature minus hysteresis (typically 20°C.)

## SMT VERSION LAYOUT CONSIDERATIONS (IF APPLICABLE)

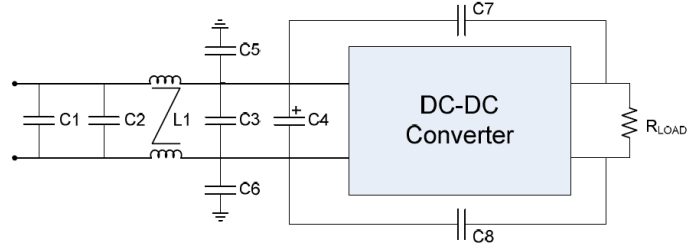
- Copper traces with sufficient cross-section must be provided for all output & input pins. SMT pads tied to internal power/ground planes must have multiple vias around each SMT pad to couple expected current loads from module pins into internal traces/planes. One 0.024" (0.6mm) diameter via for each 4A of expected source or load current must be provided as close to the termination as possible, preferably in the direction of current flow from SMT pad to load. Vias must be at least 0.024" (0.6 mm) away from the SMT pad to prevent solder from flowing into the vias.
- SMT pads on the host card are to be 0.075" (1.9mm) diameter. Solder paste screen opening should be 0.70" diameter and the screen should be 0.006" (0.15 mm) thick (other thicknesses are possible; 0.006" provides a good compromise between solder volume and coplanarity compensation).

## PARALLELING CONVERTERS

- Modules may be paralleled but it is recommended that the total power draw not exceed the output power rating of a single module. External sharing controllers are recommended for reliability and to ensure equal distribution of the load to the converters.

**EMC COMPLIANCE:**

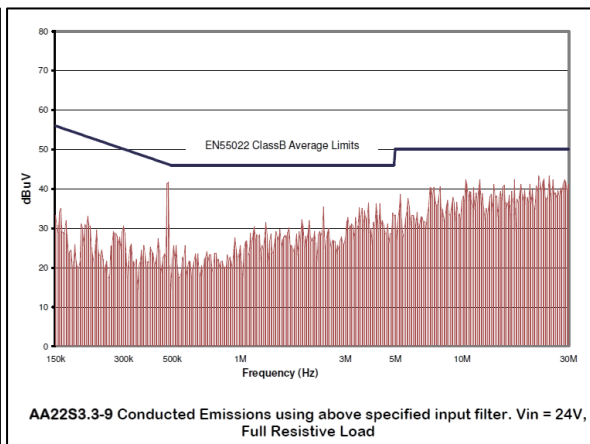
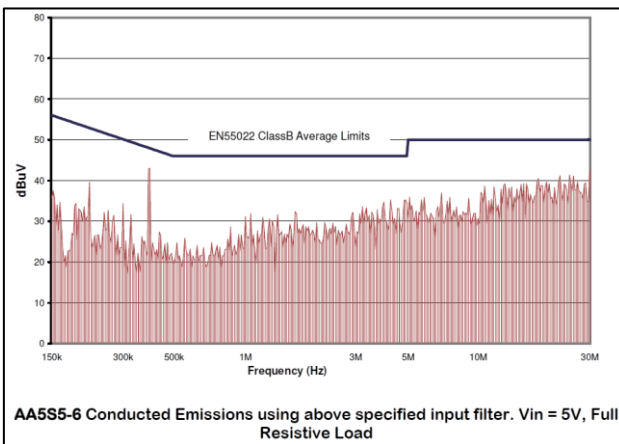
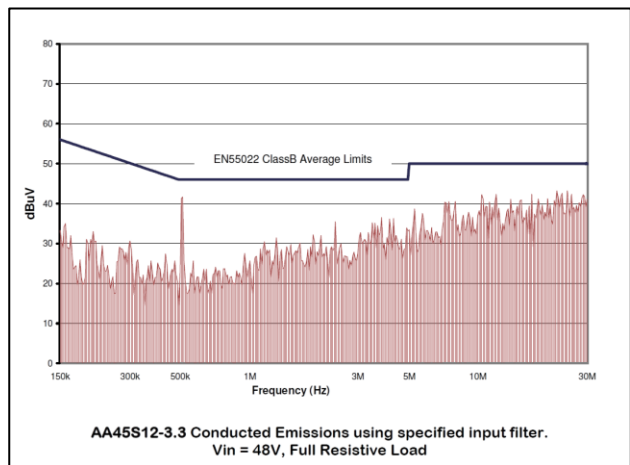
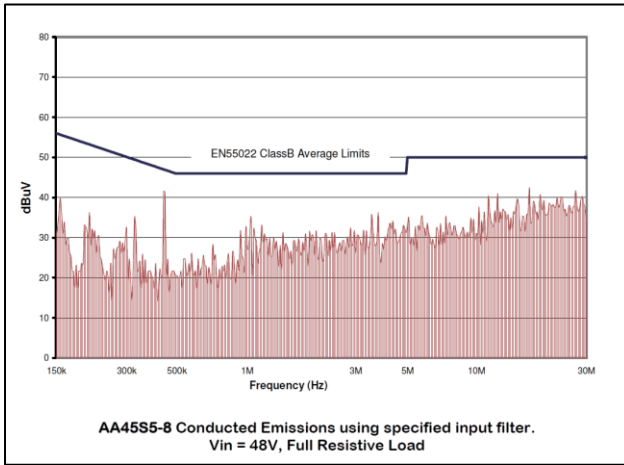
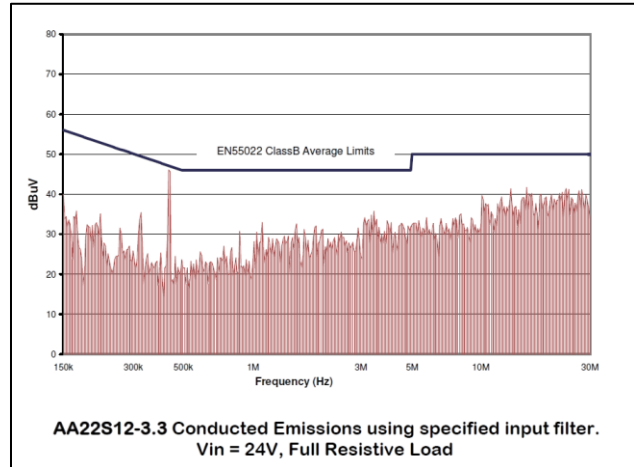
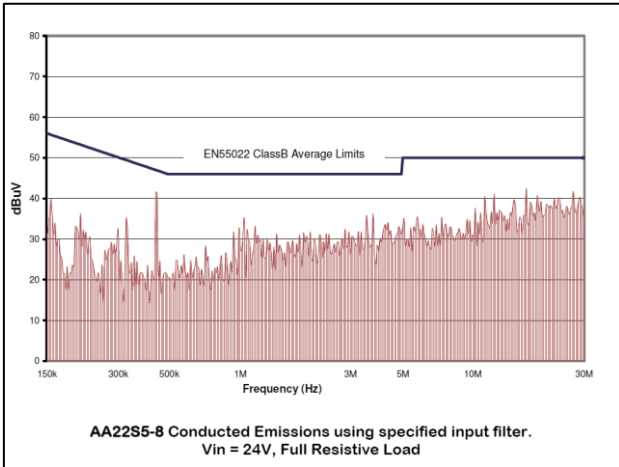
To meet Class B compliance for EN55022 (CISPR 22) or FCC part 15 sub part j, the following input filter is required:



EMI Filter

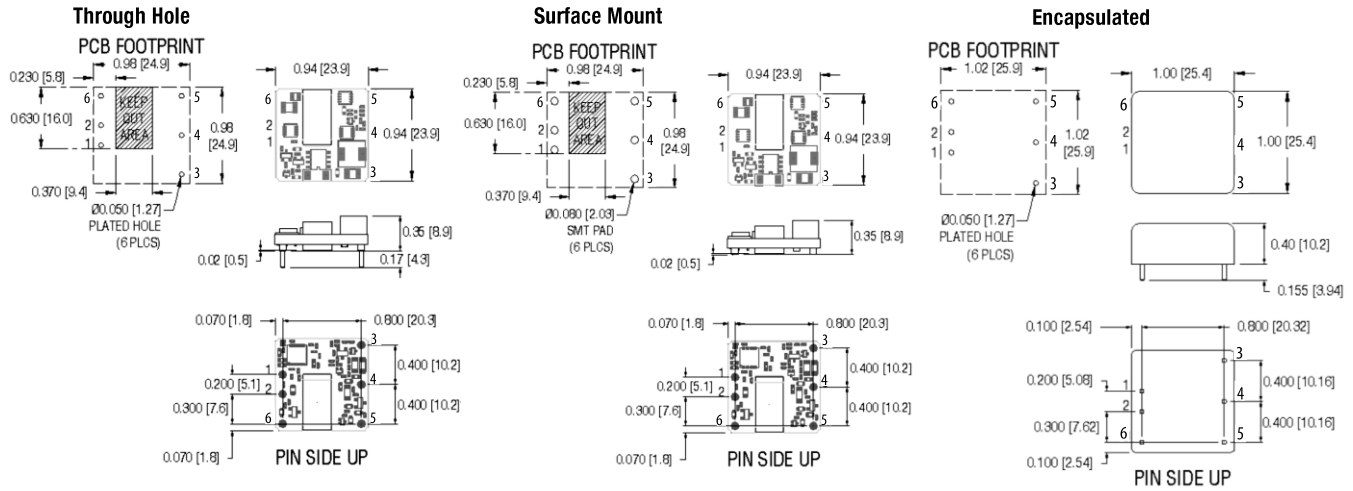
Model No.	C1	C2, C3	C4	C5, C6	C7, C8	L1
AA5S5-6	1000 $\mu$ F Ceramic	Not Used	220 $\mu$ F Electrolytic	3300pF	Not Used	0.63mH
AA22S5-8	2.2 $\mu$ F Ceramic	2.2 $\mu$ F Ceramic	100 $\mu$ F Ceramic	10 nF	Not Used	0.77mH
AA22S5-8	2.2 $\mu$ F Ceramic	2.2 $\mu$ F Ceramic	220 $\mu$ F Ceramic	10 nF	Not Used	0.59mH
AA22S12-3.3	2.2 $\mu$ F Ceramic	2.2 $\mu$ F Ceramic	100 $\mu$ F Ceramic	10 nF	10 nF	0.77mH
AA45S5-8	2.2 $\mu$ F Ceramic	2.2 $\mu$ F Ceramic	220 $\mu$ F Ceramic	10 nF	Not Used	1.32mH
AA45S12-3.3	2.2 $\mu$ F Ceramic	2.2 $\mu$ F Ceramic	220 $\mu$ F Ceramic	10 nF	Not Used	1.32mH

**Conducted Emissions using the specified input filter**





### MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

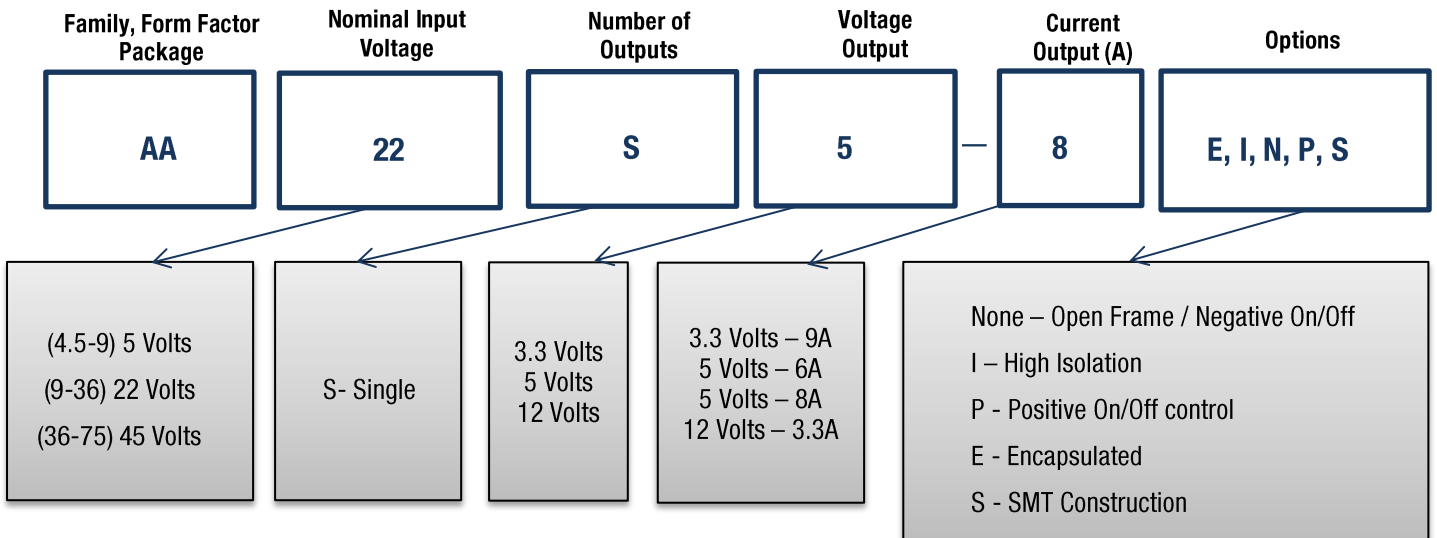


Note: All dimensions are in inches (millimeters). Tolerance: x.xx ±0.02 in. (0.5mm), x.xxx ±0.010 in. (0.25 mm) unless otherwise noted

### PIN CONNECTIONS

PIN #	DESIGNATION	NOTES
1	V <sub>IN</sub> (+)	1) All dimensions in inches [mm] Tolerances: .xx ± 0.02 [.x ± .5] .xxx ± 0.010 [.xx ± .25] 2) Input, on/off control and sense/trim pins are Ø 0.040" [1.02] ± 0.002" [0.05] with Ø 0.070" [1.77] standoff shoulders. 3) Output pins 4 & 8 are Ø 0.062" [1.57] ± 0.003" [0.08] with Ø 0.093" [2.36] standoff shoulders 4) All pins are gold plated with nickel under plating. 5) Weight: 12.8 g (0.45 oz.) 6) Workmanship: Meets or exceeds IPC-A-610 Class II
2	V <sub>IN</sub> (-)	
3	V <sub>OUT</sub> (+)	
4	Trim	
5	V <sub>OUT</sub> (-)	
6	On/Off	

### PART NUMBER ORDERING INFORMATION



Note: For proper part ordering, enter option suffixes in the order listed in the table above